

FATAL ACCIDENT.

Bailey Dawson Meets Death While in the Service of the Wabash.

From Wednesday's Daily
Bailey Dawson, aged 27, is dead. He
was a Welshman, and was at

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

THE NEW STORE,

Next to Millikin's Bank, on Water street,

Will place on sale during the coming week a large assortment of

NEWMARKET * CLOAKS At One-Half Cost Price.

These goods are of good value and will most certainly be the best bargains ever offered in Decatur.

The New Store, NEXT TO MILLIKIN'S BANK. S. HUMPHREYS.

WE ARE GOING TO GIVE YOU A DONATION PARTY For the Next Thirty Days.

OUR PROFITS ON ALL Heavy Overcoats. You are Cordially Invited.

BRYAN, JONES & CO. 4 Doors West of Post Office.

CLARK'S MILE-END SPOOL COTTON

The Best Six-Cord Thread For Hand and Machine Use. WHITE, BLACK AND COLORS. FOR SALE BY LINN & SCRUGGS Dry Goods and Carpet Company.

Blaine and Montt.
It is clear that in the Chilean controversy Secretary Blaine and Minister Montt misunderstood each other but this misunderstanding in no way affected the final action of Chile. A Santiago Chile special dated January 29, says:
The Chilean cabinet is said to be much dissatisfied with the course of Pedro Montt, the Chilean minister at Washington. His last message received Friday, it is said, assured his government that the affair was coming to a speedy conclusion. He has all along led President Montt and his advisers to believe that Mr. Blaine is desirous of submitting the whole affair to arbitration. This statement appears in the reply to the ultimatum. Some here think that Pedro Montt has been misled by Richard L. Trumbull, Julio Foster and their Democratic friends.
After President Harrison sent to Chile, Jan. 21, the government's ultimatum Minister Montt in a communication to Secretary Blaine dated Jan. 23, says:
In course of our conference we sometimes considered the case in which the government of the United States and that of Chile should fail to agree when the investigation should be terminated and the two governments should reach final opinion and we agree that arbitration was the best means of settling the difficulty and advancing farther in this conciliatory spirit, we even formally agreed that the differences that might arise should be submitted to arbitration. This agreement to accept arbitration has been the basis of several of our conferences, and especially that of the 18th inst., and no antecedent or fact interfering therewith has come to my knowledge. On the contrary, I took occasion to inform you on the 1st of January that my government authorized me to conclude an agreement looking to arbitration, and my government subsequently approved the agreement concluded in my name with you of which I also inform you.
This caused Secretary Blaine to reply to Montt's note in order to refute the statement made touching arbitration and to put himself right before the President. In his reply Mr. Blaine, touching the matter of arbitration, says:
You did say to me several times that in the distant future when the Chilean court should render its judgment (if the United States should not be satisfied with it) the two countries could arbitrate the matter, and even then you always maintained that Chile would not voluntarily propose arbitration hereafter, but would do so when requested by some friendly power to take that course. On one occasion you mentioned Spain as a nation likely to intervene with Chile most effectively. Four months of arbitration was always as a method to be adopted in the future, if we were not content, as I have said, with the judgment of the court. You remarked that to adopt it before, would be discrediting the judgment of the court in advance. You always looked to the future for the proper acceptance of arbitration.
You say in your note:
"I took occasion to inform you on the 1st of January that my Government authorized an agreement looking to arbitration, and my Government subsequently approved the agreement concluded by me."
And yet you do not pretend that a word was ever written of the agreement which you say we made between us. It is impossible that I ever sought to bind the Government of the United States in that way. It would have been in the highest degree imprudent for me to do so.
Here Secretary Blaine distinctly and unequivocally denies that he ever proposed to Minister Montt to commit this government to arbitration. This should set at rest the false statements that Mr. Blaine favored a policy antagonistic to President Harrison. It is clear, however, that the story that such a condition existed came from Minister Montt who either misinterpreted Mr. Blaine or misrepresented the facts. Chile, contrary to good usage, has thus far in its diplomatic contention with this government managed to keep its interpretation of the case in the newspapers of England and America to the prejudice of this country, and in this it was assisted, as the special from which we quote above, by those Democrats who have been so inconsistent as to discredit their own government.
The extracts from the note of Mr. Montt and the reply of Mr. Blaine shows that Mr. Blaine has been misrepresented, and that he and President Harrison have been in perfect accord in the Chilean case, or else that Secretary Blaine misrepresents the facts in his reply to Montt, and as to that we prefer to take Mr. Blaine's word in preference to Mr. Montt, who, it is quite clear, is chargeable in this and other instances of quibbling and garbling.

The Greatest Strike.
Among the great strikes that of Dr. Miles in discovering his New Heart Cure, has proven itself to be one of the most important. The demand for it has become astonishing. Already the treatment of heart disease is being revolutionized, and many unexpected cures effected. It soon relieves short breath, fluttering, pains in side, arm, shoulder, weak and hungry spells, oppression, swelling of ankles, smothering and heart dropsy. Dr. Miles' book on Heart and Nervous Diseases, free. The unequalled New Heart Cure is sold and recommended by W. C. Armstrong, also by Restorative Nervine for headache, flat, spears, hot flashes, nervous chills, opium habit, etc.
SILKEN VESTS are popular for the masculine full dress.
Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, eczema, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Wood, druggists.
THE "Centimere" kid gloves are the handsomest, best fitting, best wearing and cheapest gloves in the U. S.
LINN & SCRUGGS D. G. & C. Co. Sole Agents for Decatur, Ill. dec28&wt
Do not make a purchase of any wind mill until after you examine the Bird, at the Spencer & Lehman Co. feb28&wt

Marvels at Brussels.
The finest of all lace is Brussels. Belgium is the lacemakers' chosen home. One-fortieth of the whole population is engaged in it. The government supports 900 lace schools, to which children are sent as young as five years. By the time they are ten they are self supporting. Brussels is a pillow lace. Indeed, Barbara Litzman, the inventor of pillow lace, lived and died there.
The pattern, drawn upon parchment, is fixed firmly to the pillow, pins are stuck along the outlines, and to them the lace is woven by crossing and twisting the threads, each of which ends in a bobbin. Lace two inches wide requires 200 or 300 bobbins. A piece six inches has sometimes as many as a thousand. The thread is hand spun from the best Brabant flax, in damp, dark cellars, whose one ray of light falls on the spinner's hand.
Naturally spinning is very unhealthy, and experts get high wages. The best yarn from a single pound of flax fetches over \$5.00. For filling flowers and leaves fine soft cotton is used. Grounds, too, are often made of it. Elaborate patterns are made in sections, and joined together by the most skillful workers of all. As the lace is never washed before it is sold, the most exquisite neatness is requisite in everything connected with it.
Still, as months are consumed in making very handsome pieces, the work turns dingy in spite of the lace worker's best efforts. To remedy that it is sometimes dusted with white lead in powder, and turns dark at contact with gas or sulphur in a way to exasperate the wearer.—New York Herald.
Why the Mafia Exists in Italy.
The origin of the Camorra and Mafia murder leagues ceases to puzzle travelers who have visited the rural districts of southern Sicily. Nearly all the real estate of the coast plain from Syracuse to Cape Bianco is in the hands of a few aristocrats, who have deprived their tenants of their panes as well as of their circumses, of the right to hunt, to fish, to train fighting cocks, without a special license, as well as of the more urgent necessities of life. The streets of the inland villages generally resemble the gullies of a parched out mountain river, and the houses are mere mud piles, roofed with flat stones and wattles of broom-corn, and surrounded by rubbish heaps, where mangy curs and sore eyed children compete for scraps of animal refuse.
Laborers, returning from a day's hard work, sit down to a meal of maize paste and salad, washed down with the water of the slimy village cistern. The profits of little truck farms barely satisfy the demands of the tithe collector, and indignation meetings are promptly suppressed, but midnight conventicles are less easy to prevent, and the starving villager would as soon defile the statue of Garibaldi as to betray a Cape Meleso who has befriended him at the expense of an oppressive landlord.—Felix L. Oswald in Philadelphia Times.
A New Use for Matches.
I watched a train hand stagger through the coach with eyes closed, and a fearful face—a case of cinder. He met a companion, who instantly felt in his vest pocket, poised himself, made one motion, and the suffering brakeman at once went back to his post relieved. "How did you remove that cinder?" I asked. "With a match," he replied. Producing one, he split it to a point with his thumb nail. "This looks like a harsh way to treat so tender an organ," said he, "but it is entirely safe. Turning back the eyelid, the speck only needs to be touched by some dry substance—in this case the match—to adhere to it. We have to help one another so a dozen times a day." "But why not wait until stopping?" I inquired. "Too busy then. Besides, there is no need. It is as easy on a train in motion as on the ground when one is accustomed to it. After raising the arm for the operation, one needs to get the swing of the train. This car runs smoothly, so I did quick work."—Spring-Field Homestead.
Parisian Bouquets.
Please to heed what an autocrat direct from the salons of Paris has to say on the subject of bouquets. No more "composed bunches of flowers" are carried by the fashionable women in that dizzy capital. A ribboned bouquet is regarded as "bad form," only the Parisian has another phrase for bad form, and a dame of the haut monde now enters a salon carrying a spray or branch of some flowers in season, such as lilac or mimosa. In this land of extravagance, where all the flowers are always in bloom, she might hold a spray of orchids or a bunch of roses, but the arranged bouquet, jumble! The idea is to resemble the young martyrs in the pictures, these said martyrs generally holding in one hand a palm branch. Perhaps our florists will catch on to this new wrinkle and have some extraordinarily lovely blooms prepared for their fair customers.—Boston Herald.
La Grippe Again.
During the epidemic of La Grippe last season Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, proved to be the best remedy. Reports from the many who used it confirm this statement. They were not only quickly cured but the disease left no bad results. We ask you to give this remedy a trial and we guarantee that you will be satisfied with results, or the purchase money will be refunded. It has no equal in La Grippe, or any throat, chest or lung trouble. Trial bottles free at King & Wood's drug store. Large bottles, 50c, and \$1.00, but.
CUMBERS and sliced tomatoes go fine nowadays.
Cough Following The Grip.
Many persons, who have recovered from la grippe are now troubled with a persistent cough. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will promptly loosen this cough and relieve the lungs, effecting a permanent cure in a very short time. 25 and 50 cents bottles for sale by Neisler Pharmacists.
TEXAS are some startling novelties in women's hats.

OF MORE INTEREST Than WAR.

—OUR STOCK OF—

Winter Goods

MUST BE SOLD, To Make Room for New Goods.

==READ THESE PRICES==

Good, Large 10-4 size Blankets, 75c per pair. Heavier ones at \$1.00 and \$1.25. Big Reduction in Finer Blankets.

A big line of Calicoes, 3c per yard

Indigo Blue Calicoes, 5c per yard

Heavy yard wide Muslin, worth 7c, 5c per yard

Heavy all wool Underwear, Garment Reduced from \$1.00 75c.

Bargains in Portierre Curtains, Lace Curtains and Table Covers.

From the way our Cloaks are still moving out is evidence to us that our prices are right. See for yourself.

+CHAS. T. JOHNSTON,+
Hays' Old Stand,
151 NORTH WATER ST.

MONDAY,

January 25, 1892,

WE WILL THROW ON THE MARKET

500 PAIRS

—OF—

SELZ, SCHWAB & CO.'S

Genuine Hand-Sewed Shoes

FOR GENTLEMEN.

The regular prices of these Elegant FOOT-FORM SHOES are \$5.00 and \$6.00 a Pair.

==THEY GO AT==

\$3.50, \$3.50, \$3.50.

All Widths and Sizes, A to EE.

FIVE DIFFERENT STYLES OF LASTS.

●Avail Yourselves of this GREAT SALE.●

WATCH OUR WINDOWS.

WAGGONER & DOWNING,

Post Office Shoe Store.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

J. Millikin & Co.,

+BANKER &+
—AND—
Dealers in Exchange

Safety Deposit Boxes for the use of those who want a safe place for their Bonds, Money, Jewels, Insurance Policies, etc.

Administratrix' Notice.
Estate of William T. Fox, deceased.
The undersigned, having been appointed Administratrix of the estate of William T. Fox, late of the county of Marion and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the county court of Marion county at the court house in Decatur, at the March term on the first Monday in March next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 16th day of January, 1892.
AMELIA E. FOX,
Administratrix.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.

BANKERS.

WE TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

Same as an incorporated bank. Buy and Sell Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper.

LOAN MONEY ON MORTGAGE SECURITY

Make Mortgage Investments for Customers and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

under private key in OUR FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT, free of Charge.

Jan 11 1892

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

Published at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

AUSTRIA has replied to the American note expressing a desire to enter into reciprocity arrangements with the United States.

The Democratic house caucus called for Saturday night to agree upon the house rules at no time had a quorum, but it did business in true Democratic tyrannical style.

Mitt and Gorman held a conference in New York Friday. This conference it is supposed was for the purpose of taking into further consideration the state of the Cleveland remains.

EX-SPEAKER REED is having considerable success in the sale of the anti-slavery views of the majority as to what the rules of the house shall provide.

JACOB P. LENSE, the first white settler in California, died at San Francisco Monday, aged 82 years. He settled in California in 1838 and built the first house in San Francisco in 1838.

Mr. Minister Egan is not discredited it will not be the fault of that class of Democrats who wanted to see the government humiliated for no better reason than that the administration is Republican.

The Democrats in congress have called a caucus to determine whether they will support a free silver coinage measure in congress or delegate it to the rear as a party measure. Unlike Campbell of Ohio they are not disposed to change.

The London Times, after careful consideration, has decided to purchase its press in America to be used in printing the Times. It does this because the American press is superior to any made in Europe.

The English press is very bitter against President Harrison, as much so as its Democratic allies in this country, but it is not a candidate for office in England. If he were, he would get few votes. Cleveland or Hill or any other Democrat suits England better.

An obscure Democratic congressman from this state has declared that Illinois is for Cleveland and that the delegation should stand solid for him. But that same congressman bolted Springer for Hill in the Speakership contest and thereby made the mistake of getting into the wrong tent. His judgment is not as good as it ought to be in case a man is a great way from home.

SENATORIAL NEWS: Because Wilson cannot collect his debts he is in the soup. So far as the governorship is concerned, if he desired to handle the money of the state he should have said nothing about the \$5,000. What's five thousand dollars when you don't have to pay for any interest and things run long smoothly and the people are ignorant?

The new election law makes so many changes in the method of putting out candidates and holding elections that even a "Philadelphia Lawyer" would be puzzled to keep the run of the provisions and requirements. It is the law, however, and it is his duty to see that it is followed, will do so, the changes will soon become popular and as well understood as the old law.

REPRESENTATIVE OVERS of Alabama has introduced a bill in the house providing penalties for newspaper reporters who hold up to public ridicule any public official, either for the purpose of revenge or to obtain money as the price of silence. What Mr. Oates is in this business he ought to include in his bill Democratic congressmen of the Breckenridge type.

The great reform house of Representatives, 521 Congress, has been in session since Dec. 7, 1891, consuming 40 working days, and are not yet ready for business. The cost of running the house per day for salaries alone is \$1,000, making for the forty days \$22,124.40. Add to this the expense account of printing, light, fuel, and other incidental matter and nearly half a million of dollars have been expended with no return but promise of economy.

This committee on foreign affairs is reported to have decided to call Secretary Blaine before it with a view of examining him as to the diplomatic correspondence which passed between this government and Chile. It is to be hoped that committee will follow its resolution, for we are satisfied if it does it will develop the fact that some Democrats in congress were in pretty close relations with the Chilean minister Montt and Mayor Grace in their conspiracy to defeat the government.

CHAIRMAN BLOUNT of the committee on foreign affairs denies the report that that committee contemplates calling Secretary Blaine before it to tell how it happened that there was so much alleged delay in informing the President of the reply to the Chilean ultimatum. And Mr. Blount also says that he is sure that when the President sent the message to congress he did not know a reply to his note to Chile had been received, nor did anyone else, for according to the best information I have been able to obtain, I am confident the reply did not come until after the reading of the message in the house.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Repeating History.

Of course that class of Democrats, who edit Democratic papers, referred to in a special from Santiago, Chile, as the friends of Chile in its contention with the United States, will continue to insist that President Harrison has been guilty of having some ulterior partisan purpose in view in sending his Chilean message to congress so soon after having transmitted the administration's ultimatum to that South American republic.

Neither the fear of inconsistency, nor the fact that the press of the country and congress demanded the message much earlier than it was sent, nor the fact that the President could gain nothing by transmitting the message, if it were true as his enemies charge that at the time of its transmittal he knew that Chile was about to send a favorable reply to the ultimatum meeting its full demands, will deter these papers from their venomous misrepresentations and calumnies.

But, when the thought recurs that the same class of Democratic papers, some of them edited by the same men, misrepresented and vilified President Lincoln, imputing his every motive in his patriotic efforts to put down an inexorable rebellion looking toward the destruction of the Union, the position of these papers now is not at all strange and alarming. After having abused Lincoln as no President of this country was abused before or since, and the wings of time had placed his administration far in the past, the same papers admit that Mr. Lincoln stood first among American Presidents for probity of character, patriotism and correct motives. It will be so with them in the case of President Harrison. After they have done all the harm they can and have again demonstrated the fact that patriotism is not one of their characteristics, and the hope of gaining some partisan advantage has passed, they will admit that the President did his duty to his country and that his motives were just.

It Will Not be Crow.

The Bloomington Bulletin notifies the Republicans of Macon county that they will have to eat crow with the feathers on; that in spite of them Ben Funk will be nominated for congress. Ben Funk may be nominated for congress but his nomination would not present a dish of crow, feathers and all, as the Bulletin assumes it would. Neither Ben Funk's good sense nor his Republicanism have ever been discounted by Ben Funk's action, and there is no element in the make up of Ben Funk that suggests crow to any Republican. Macon county will seek to nominate M. F. Kennan. It will do all in its power, in an honorable way, to secure the honor of having a Macon county man represent the district in congress. If, after having done its best, Macon county should fail and Ben Funk should be the winner and the nominee, Macon county Republicans will not be called upon to eat crow, but, on the contrary, will have the satisfaction of knowing that they have the privilege of voting for as good a Republican as a long line of patriotic ancestors could beget.

The McKinley Tariff and Cigars.

Among the many wholesome effects upon labor of the McKinley tariff law the stimulation given the manufacture of cigars in this country is worthy of note, and every cigar factory operative ought to vote against any congressman who may run in his district who advocates the repeal of the McKinley law. For the eleven months of 1890, ending November 30, we imported 1,134,158 pounds of cigars, cigarettes and cheroots, and in 1891 only 582,413 pounds. This did not hurt the American taste for the finest imported cigars. It simply transferred the industry of making them to this country, thus giving American labor additional employment. Our imports of leaf tobacco suitable for cigar wrappers rose from 4,705 pounds in 11 months of 1890 to 884,005 pounds in 11 months of 1891. When Republicans legislate they legislate in the interests of Americans instead of foreign labor.

Our National Debt.

Estimating five persons to each family, Census Bureau calculations demonstrate that the federal debt of the United States amounts to \$78.15 per family. On a similar basis of calculation the debt of Britain is \$37.60 per family; of Austria-Hungary, \$34.23, and of France, \$38.1. Germany has no statistics from which to figure out accurately her debt per family, but the indebtedness is estimated at \$100. It is one of the notable features of the financial stability of this nation that the national debt per family is so low, and it is the subject of comment that while the ratio of national debt to families has decreased steadily the national wealth has been growing faster than that of any nation on the globe, and our capital and resources have improved more rapidly than those of any other nation.

OFF THE TRACK.

(Special to the REPUBLICAN.) CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—The fast express on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad jumped the track near North Baltimore, Ohio, this morning. Several persons reported killed. No other particulars.

An Ode to Springer.

Rock-a-by, little bills, on the tree top;
When the Springer winds blow, the cradle a-ll
rock;
But when the sheep bleats, the contrivance will
fall,
And down will come little bills, Springer, and
all.

WOOD PUMPS, Chain Pumps, Iron Force Pumps, for sale at Spencer & Lehigh.

That Silver Conference.

That the Democratic party, after having committed itself to free silver in every state west of the Alleghianes and in the south, to free silver now, that it is in power in the lower house of congress, has not the courage to redeem its promises. It is no answer, and is in no sense a laudable excuse, to say that the president would veto a free silver bill if it were passed. An attempt to excuse themselves on such grounds only shows that Democratic leaders are seeking excuses for their duplicity and dishonesty; and if further evidence of this fact were necessary, it is found in the attempt of the Democratic majority to unite on a proposition to refer the entire silver problem to an international silver conference, and thus throw off a responsibility they have not the courage to meet.

Speaking of this effort of the Democrats to dodge an issue they raised themselves it may be well to call attention to the fact that a silver commission, such as they proposed is already in existence created by a Republican congress and a Republican president; and about the same time that the Springer-Crisp combine introduced their resolution to create an international conference Senator Teller introduced in the senate a joint resolution providing for such a conference through the present silver commissioners and the diplomatic branch of the government. In addition to this, the Secretary of State under instruction of President Harrison had sent instructions to Minister Lincoln to invite Great Britain to join an international conference on the silver question with the view of establishing a uniform ratio between gold and silver in all the great countries.

So we see that the Democratic attempt to seek a reasonable excuse for running away from the free coinage of silver was not only a failure but was silly as well. The ground they tried to sneak out on has been occupied by the Republicans and nothing is left for the two faced Democracy of the country but a square back down from the free coinage ground they boastfully claimed to possess a year ago, or pass a free silver coinage bill and permit the president to interpose a veto which a year ago they boastfully said they would compel him to do. The Democratic party must eat bait or fish and it matters little which for the pay is about the same in either case.

The Chicago Tribune Saturday gave nearly a page to a retrospect of the life of Hon. A. M. Jones, commonly known as "Long" Jones who is a candidate for the nomination for governor. The sketch shows that what is true of many public men in this country, that life's beginning with him was a battle for bread, education, and business. It is generally true, and especially so in the case of "Long" Jones that those who courageously met adversity and with the shield of good character and the sword of determination overcame it are now the men of our cities and counties and of the state and can be relied upon in positions they may be called upon to fill. It is also true that when one of this class goes out after a nomination he means business and those who chance to bump on his trail will do well to keep vigilantly "the middle watch."

Not a Disgrace.

A man living in this county who is put the meridian of life and who has formed the drink habit, hearing of the cures wrought at the Keeley institute at Dwight, felt constrained to go there and take the treatment, but was restrained by the false notion that to do so would be a reflection upon his manhood. After considering the matter for some time and finding it impossible to overcome the objection he wrote a letter to a friend in Decatur in whom he had confidence making a clean breast of the dilemma he was in. The friend answered his letter very frankly stating that to go to Dwight to be cured of the drink habit could be considered in no other way than an act of manhood, that from no point of view could it be regarded as compromising the honor of the patient; that if there was anything unusual in the matter it was not in the effort to become relieved of a destroying appetite but rather in the past act of forming the habit, an act which cannot be recalled. It is supposed the man is now on his way to or is at the cure taking treatment.

Gave Him Twenty-five Years.

John Turner, a farmer living near Atwood, Platt county, was arrested by Sheriff Woolington, charged with forcibly accomplishing the ruin of his step-daughter, Cora Lewis, a young girl of 14 years. He was placed in the Platt county jail and was indicted by the grand jury. He was brought before Judge F. M. Wright yesterday and pleaded guilty to the charge. Judge Wright sentenced him to twenty-five years in the penitentiary. He begged the sheriff to give him a revolver that he might end his life and has acted insane since his crime has been made public. He is 46 years old.

Our February Special Sale.

Of Art Goods, Piano Lamps, Fire Screens, Onyx Tables and Cut Glass, is coming. If you have seen anything in our art room during the season that is still there you can buy it during February cheap. Look out for our Special Sale next week in the China Department. It will be one of the most interesting to the people you ever heard of.

Otto E. Curtis & Bro

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

The formal call for the Republican State convention is as follows: The Republican voters of Illinois are requested to meet in county conventions and elect delegates to a Republican state convention to meet at Springfield, Wednesday, May 4, 1892, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates to be voted for at the November election, 1892, to fill the following offices, to-wit:

- Governor.
- Lieutenant-Governor.
- Secretary of State.
- Auditor of Public Accounts.
- State Treasurer.
- Attorney General.
- Three Trustees of the University of Illinois.
- Four Presidential Electors-at-Large.
- Twenty District Electors.
- Two Congressmen-at-Large.

Also for the selection of eight delegates-at-large and eight alternates-at-large to represent the state in the National Republican convention to be held at Minneapolis, Minn., June 7, 1892, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

The basis of representation for the several counties will be held in the ratio of one delegate for every 3000 votes cast for the Republican Presidential Electors in 1888, and one for each fraction thereof of not less than 1500 votes; provided the delegates from Cook county, so elected, shall be called and shall vote by senatorial districts, and the several wards and parts of wards, comprising the senatorial districts which are wholly or in part in the city of Chicago, to have their proportionate representation so far as is practicable.

Under this basis of representation Macon county will be entitled to 14 delegates. Heretofore the number has been 10.

Insane Asylum Investigation.

A shameful state of affairs at Jacksonville exists in the state hospital for the insane, if the testimony brought out in the investigation begun yesterday is true. There has been all along an attempt on the part of those cognizant of the abuses going on at the hospital to hush the matter up and keep it out of the papers. "These newspapers never know when to stop," they said. But now that an official investigation has been begun it will be impossible to keep the public longer in the dark. Startling stories of crime, immorality and cruelty are told.

One witness Mr. E. B. Collins, a former employe, told of the systematic cruelty practiced by the attendants on the helpless patients under their care. An attendant named Barnes had prided himself on the reputation he had established among the patients as "a bad man." The food furnished to the inmates was very meager in quantity and was often so far out of date that it could not be eaten.

J. W. Sheehan, a former attendant, corroborated Collins' statements and testified to repeated acts of cruelty on the part of an attendant named Thomas May.

The authorities in charge of the hospital claim that they know nothing of the outrageous conduct of their subordinates.

Coming Next Week.

Two of the finest attractions traveling are booked for the Grand for next week. Thursday evening Feb. 11th, Denman Thompson and Geo. W. Rye's great play "The Two Sitters."

Friday evening Feb. 12th, the Pauline Hall Opera Co., in Offenbach's melodious opera, "Madame Favarte."

Both of these companies are among the standard attractions of the country, appearing at McVickers theatre Chicago and only the first class theatres.

A Big Month.

Postmaster Hubert to-day sent in an important report, showing the remarkable business of the Decatur postoffice for the month of January. The receipts were \$4,231.94, the largest in the history of the office for any year, which rate, if sustained, would aggregate a business of \$50,000 for a year. Bring on the new \$100,000 government building. We are entitled to it.

BURKE COCHRAN, the Temporary leader and congressional speaker in favor of the principle of counting members present who refuse to vote with the view of breaking a quorum, to make a quorum. This is the rule the Democrats are trying to avoid adoption.

FOR SCROFULA

scrofulous humor in the blood, ulcers, catarrh, and consumption, use

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The most economical, safe, speedy, and effective of all blood-purifiers. Has Cured Others will cure you.

Redemption Notice.

To F. H. Kizer and the owners and parties interested in the lands or lots hereinafter described: You are hereby notified that at a sale of lands and town lots for state, county and special taxes, made in pursuance of law, by the county collector of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, at the west outside door of the courthouse, in the city of Decatur, Ill., on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1892, J. C. Rice, sheriff, purchased the following described real estate, situate in said Macon county: Lot seven (7), block four (4), town of Niantic, for the taxes assessed for the year 1890, including interest, penalties and costs due on said described real estate and assigned the certificate of purchase to me and at the time the said real estate was assessed as aforesaid it was taxed in the name of F. H. Kizer and at the time of the redemption thereof from said sale will expire on the 30th day of June, 1892.

J. F. FARIS, Assignee of J. C. Rice.

CAPITAL STOCK OF \$20,000.

The Bachman Furniture Company Organized.

Although as yet none of the necessary legal arrangements have been made but preliminary steps were taken last night towards the organization of the Bachman Furniture company with a capital stock of \$20,000, and with C. F. Bachman, W. G. Bachman and L. F. Martin as incorporators. All of these gentlemen are well known to the community as staunch business men. The new member, Mr. Martin, was formerly associated with L. C. Ellis in the agricultural business. Bachman Bros. need no introduction to the people of Decatur and community. Their place of business is on East Main street, where they do an immense furniture, store and household furnishing business. They have built a trade second to none in the state.

A Lawyer's Miserable End.

Louis Rosette was found dead in his bed at Springfield Monday in a back room on the third floor of a wholesale liquor store, which the proprietor had recently allowed him to occupy. Rosette was at one time a prominent attorney and one of the law firm of Rosette Bros. He had served as city attorney and as an alderman from the first ward. He was third lieutenant of the Springfield Light Artillery, Battery A, Third Regiment, and was well liked by his command. He was prosperous from about 1868 to 1873, but finally liquor got the better of him and he had recently lived in the most abject poverty. His death is attributed to the lack of food and drink. His brother, Francis E. Rosette, of Columbus, O. has been sent for.

Troutman News.

This morning seems like a spring morning. The ground was all out surely, but failed to see their shadows. Sunday school at Sharon was well attended last Sunday. Rev. Bryant preached at the usual hour, but was unable to preach in the evening. He was laid up with the grip. Seth Hansen's children have whooping cough. Mrs. Holderness is threatened with lung fever. The children of E. Fuok and Wm. Sawyer have the grip. Miss Aubrey, teacher at Sunnyside, will close her winter term of school in two weeks. Mrs. Cross, teacher at Maple Grove school, was in town last week. Mr. Hastings, teacher at the Union school, is preparing for a grand exhibition at his school. The grain market is on a stand still. Mother Morrison was visiting Mrs. Jacob Troutman last week. Uncle Harrison Heason is not improving very fast. Sharon is in need of a good revival meeting. Wheat looks bad, a very poor stand. The horse distemper is raging in our neighborhood. The best remedy is good care and shelter. Several colts have died. Sun Feb 3, 1892

Letter List.

The following is a list of letters remaining un-called for at the Decatur Postoffice February 2, 1892:

Andrews, Mrs. Anna	Frederick, Mrs. D.
Brown, Frank	Spencer, Mrs. N. K.
Bryant, John	Sutherland, Frank
Carling, James	Sunder, R. D.
Enclosure, Miss Alice	Swanson, A. E.
Hagar, Adam L.	Tyne, Mrs. Moses
Jones, Mrs. Lucile	Taylor, Mrs. Lizie
Montgomery, Miss Maude	Vogel, Mrs. Wm.
Mrs. Annie M.	Wider, Chas. F.
McFarland, Touey	Williams, Mrs. Sallie
McShaney, T. E.	Wilson, Henry
Osborne, James	Wilson, Robert, Jr.
	W. T. Fitchman, Jr. M.

CHEATING IN HORSE BLANKETS

Nearly every pattern of **1/2 Horse Blanket** is imitated in color and style. In most cases the imitation looks just as good as the genuine, but it *hasn't* the warp threads, and so lacks strength, and while it sells for only a little less than the genuine it isn't worth one-half as much. The fact that **1/2 Horse Blankets** are copied is strong evidence that they are **THE STANDARD**, and every buyer should see that the **1/2** trade mark is sewed on the inside of the Blanket.

Five Mile Boss Electric Extra Test Baker

HORSE BLANKETS ARE THE STRONGEST.

100 5A STYLES at prices to suit everybody. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us. Ask for the 5A Book. You can get it without charge. WM. AYRES & SONS, Philadelphia

YELLOW TICKET SALE

We Have Lots of Choice and Desirable Goods:

BROADCLOTHS, PUSHES, CAMEL'S HAIR, FLANNELS, CLOTHS, COMFORTS, SILKS, ETC., ETC.

WE WILL NOT CARRY OVER.

Do I want a quick will mark them in price, Yellow Tickets, every article at a price that will make them go. Sale commences

Tuesday morning, February 2.

Everybody Invited to Attend This Sale

Hatch Bros.
143 East Main Street.

TOWN MEETINGS NOT INCLUDED.

Attorney-General Hunt's Opinion of the Application of the New Election Law.

Some days ago Secretary Partridge of the Republican State Central Committee wrote Attorney-General Hunt in reference to whether the new election law applied to town meetings. Yesterday he received the following opinion from Gen. Hunt:

In my opinion the act of 1891, known as the Australian Ballot law, does not apply to town meetings. The Supreme Court of this state has held that the annual town meeting is not an election within the meaning of that term as used in the act relating to elections, and I can call your attention to the following cases in which the question is ably discussed and decided: Lippincott vs. Fox, 92 Ill. 243; I. R. Co. vs. Mallory, 111 Ill. 58; William vs. Potter, 114 Ill. 78; Bingen vs. People, 21 App. Court, 367. I do not think that the act of 1891 in any particular changes the character of the town meeting, and if it does not then this act no more applies to it than did the General Election law before the passage of the act of 1891.

Wants Royalty from Overhead Wires.

Mayor O. S. Kelly, the millionaire reaper and mower manufacturer, Springfield, O., who has obtained control of the patents covering all electric street railways, in which the current is supplied by an overhead wire, will at once proceed to collect royalties from the electric street railway companies using that system or institute infringement suits. Kelly has obtained control of the basic patents on the electric street railway system in most general use all over the country. Among the claims allowed is one on an electric street railway in which the cars are supplied with the current from above the track, and another for an electric car in which the current can be reversed. Kelly is prepared for a tremendous legal battle which will rank with the Bell telephone suit or the Howe sewing machine case. There are now 6,000 electric cars in various parts of the country operated under the system covered by these patents.—Bloomington Pantagraph.

How's This?

We offer \$100 reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm. West & Teas, wholesale druggists, Toledo, O. Walling, Kinzler & Marvin, wholesale druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

WAY DOWN!

Cold Weather Prices.

- Dinner Plates, per set, ... 40c
- Cups and Saucers, per set, 40c
- " " " " " " 45c
- Chambers, ... 45, 50 and 60c
- Chamber Sets, ... \$2.90
- Ewers and Basins, ... 98c
- Tubs, ... 65 and 75c
- Parlor Matches, 15c a Dozen Boxes.
- Bird Seed, with bone, ... 8c
- Toothpicks, ... 5c
- Lamp Burners, ... 5c
- Lanterns, ... 43c
- Hobby-Horses, ... 75c
- 75-foot Wire Clothes Lines, ... 25c
- Slop Pails, ... 40 and 45c
- No. 8 Copper Bottom Wash Boiler, ... 98c
- No. 9 do., ... \$1.25
- Baking Powder, ... 5 and 10c
- Ladies' Wool Walking Hats, reduced to ... 10c
- Ladies' Merino Vests, ... 38c
- Ladies' Medicated Red All Wool Vests, now 75c, worth \$1.25.
- Ladies' Wool Leggings Reduced to 39c.
- Boys' Shirts or Drawers Reduced to 28c.
- Canton Flannel, per yd. 5c
- Red all wool Flannel, 22, 25 and 28c

Everything Goes Cheap at the People's Supply Store.

THE FAIR

Weaver & Lewis.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

E. G. ALLEN & BRO.

GRINDERS.

Why feed your corn and oats whole when you can save from 25 to 50 per cent. by grinding. We sell the "BOSS," on which we can give the broadest guarantee.

PLOWS.

Our contracts are made with the Sattley Mfg Co. of Springfield, Ill., the St. Joseph Mfg Co. of Mishawaka, Ind., and the Pekin Plow Co. of Pekin, Ill. These factories are well equipped and turn out nothing but first class goods.

CULTIVATORS.

The SATTLEY SPRING TOOTH is the best surface cultivator we have seen. We sold more Sattley Tongues than were sold of all other kinds of Tongues in the city last season, and their Tongue cultivator is as good as the best, and in some respects better.

HARROWS.

We will again sell the Glendale, made by Selby, Starr & Co., of Peoria, Ill., and the Sattley, which our customers have reason to know are both good.

SEEDERS.

We have contracted again with Selby, Starr & Co. for the sale of their celebrated 11-foot agitator, continuous plate seeder; also their 11-foot low down force feed seeder, with grass seed attachment. We also have a good Fiddle-Bow hand seeder.

CORN PLANTERS.

The Union has proven itself to be first-class in every respect, having but one set of plates which can be adjusted to any size of corn and any quantity.

VEHICLES.

We have made our contracts for our stock of Carriages, Surreys, Phaetons, Buggies, Road-Wagons and Carts at lower prices than they ever were bought by dealers in Decatur. We will be able to show you a very fine line.

HARNESS AND WHIPS.

Our line of Fine Buggy Harness and Whips cannot be surpassed for quality and price.

You are all cordially invited to call and see our line of goods, as we can show you goods of high merit.

E. G. ALLEN & BRO.,

South Wood street, between South Water and Main.

**When Figs
Grow
On Thistles
ALL SHOES WILL BE ALIKE.**

Manners make a boy's fortune;
Agirl gets hers sometimes by
the accident of beauty.

Stylish Shoes are both manners
and beauty, but never by ac-
cident.

Remember this is the first, last
and only trip through life, and
why not dress your feet in
a becoming manner when it
can be done at

POWERS'

for the same price as com-
mon ill-fitting shoes.

Ladies' and Men's Shoes at \$1 a Pair

PNEUMATIC TRAIN SIGNAL.

Technical Details of a System In-
vented by Harry Mason, of
Bloomington.

The Mason Air Signal Co., of Chicago, has brought out a pneumatic train signal for freight and passenger service which has some new features. The system consists of a 3/4-inch pipe running the whole length of the train, coupled in the usual manner and with discharge, signal and reducing valves, also a small reservoir from which the whistle is blown. The discharge valve is of a rotary type, and when opened admits air from the signal pipe to the small reservoir at its side. This reservoir is only large enough to produce the necessary reduction in pressure and holds the air until the handle of the valve is returned to its normal position, when communication to the signal pipe is shut off and the air in the reservoir is exhausted into the atmosphere. For a train of ordinary length a discharge valve with a reservoir of about one pint capacity is found to be large enough, but cabooses are fitted with a second one of about double the size for trains of forty or fifty cars. The signal valve is of the usual form, but has, in place of the usual diaphragm, a light piston which rises with a reduction of train pipe pressure, and opens a passage between the small reservoir and the pipe leading to the whistle, which blows until the pressure in signal pipe and reservoir is equalized. There is no variation in the length of the blast for a given train, except in case of a bad leak or breaking in two of the train. The reducing valve is within reach of the engineer, and beside it is a gauge which shows the pressure in the signal pipe, which is kept at about 60 lbs. Ordinarily the air feeds slowly through the valve from the main reservoir as needed, but in case of a considerable reduction in pressure a single movement of the valve handle to an emergency position will quickly recharge signal pipe and reservoir. One large western road has ordered this signal for one train, for trial.

Ground-Hog Day.

This is "ground-hog-day," otherwise Candlemas day. It is the latest survivor in the prosaic nineteenth century of the old "weather day" which were quite numerous in older times. Candlemas day, contrary to St. Paul's day, must be dark and lowly to bring luck in weather. A German proverb says, "A shepherd would rather see a wolf enter his stable than see the sun of Candlemas day." "The badger," says another European proverb, "peeps out of his hole on Candlemas day; if he finds snow and clouds he walks abroad; if the sun is shining he goes back into his hole and expects that half the winter is to come and more." The negroes at the south tell the same story about the ground-hog. He comes out of his hole, invariably on the second of February; if he does not see his shadow he remains, but if the sun is shining, bright and he sees his shadow, he goes back into his hole for a long winter's snooze.

Obituary.

The following testimonial was adopted Sunday afternoon at Grace M. E. church by the Sabbath school:
Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God to remove by death one of our faithful and devoted teachers, Mrs. Kate Allison, therefore
Resolved, That we lovingly cherish the memory of our departed sister and co-laborer, she was an earnest Christian, a devoted servant of the Lord, and a living example of fidelity in service. We mourn her loss, not as those who have no hope, but as those who hope to meet her with all the faithful in the home above.
Resolved, That we assure her family of our profound sympathy in their sorrow, and our prayer for their support in this affliction.

Chicago Grain Market.

The following were the closing quotations in Chicago at 1:15 p. m. to-day, received by B. Z. Taylor.
Live Stock—Estimated receipts—
Hogs—30,000, the higher.
Cattle—14,000, strong.
GRAIN—Car lots.
Wheat 117; Corn 164; Oats 152.
FEB. MARCH MAY.
WHEAT \$.84 1/2 \$.86 1/2 \$.88 1/2
CORN .40 .41 1/2 .41 1/2
OATS .28 1/2 .29 .29 1/2
FEB. MARCH MAY.
PORE 11.45 11.65
LARD 6.80 6.82
HINS 5.67 5.92 1/2

Killed in a Mine Shaft.

Another horrible accident occurred at Mine No. 10 of the Consolidated Coal company Saturday, at Mt. Olive, by which another man lost his life. William Nabelder, aged 55 years, while at work placing a new hoisting rope on the derrick fell down the shaft, a distance of 450 feet. His body was mangled beyond recognition. Deceased was one of the first settlers in Mt. Olive. He leaves a widow and several grown children.

Settled Up.

The Northern Pacific railroad has settled with all the members of the Andrews Opera company who were injured in the accident at Braisard recently and with the money thus secured the company expect to re-organize and take the road within three weeks. The amount paid by the railroad company will reach, it is said, about \$20,000. Florence Joy is in a critical condition and it is thought that she cannot recover.

CHILDRENS, cuts or wounds, can be cured in short time by the use of Salvation Oil. Price 25 cents.

Unequaled in effectiveness, unsurpassed in cheapness, and unrivaled in popularity is Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents a bottle.

LADIES all wool medicated court underwear reduced to 69c. former price \$1.00. L. L. & S. D. G. & C. Co. d&w-if.

ABDUCTED A CHILD.

The Fellow Threatens to Kill the Girl, but Gets Drunk and She Escapes.

An extremely singular case of abduction occurred at Jacksonville on Sunday, and as yet the mystery is inexplicable. Annie Hinrichsen, daughter of W. H. Hinrichsen, member of the Democratic state central committee and clerk of the last house, recently editor of the Quincy Herald, was on her way to Sunday school when, to save time, she took a back street, and while there was accosted by a man who told her she was wanted by a person waiting for her on College Avenue. The next thing she knew she felt something clapped over her mouth, when she practically lost all consciousness, and when she came to she was with the fellow on the Wabash railroad track two miles east of the town. He told her to keep still or he would kill her, and she tremblingly obeyed, though they met several persons. On the way the man took frequent draughts from a bottle he carried and finally sat down by the track to rest and dropped asleep when the child started off on a run toward Orleans, ten miles from the city. She passed through the village without knowing it, and reached a farm house, where she was acquainted, and knocked at the door, but no one was at home. She went on to Alexander, two miles distant, where her grandmother resides, and there she rushed into the house and fell exhausted. She was restored to her distracted parents the next morning. She says her abductor was a medium-sized man, rather heavy-set, and having a bad scar on the back of his hand. Parties are scouring the country for him.

Sales of Real Estate.

R. Tobey to W. R. Boggs, deed to 40 feet off the north side of lot 2 and 3, and south half lot 4, block 22, in R. R. addition to Marion;—\$2100.
James Buckingham to Fred Bable, deed to 80 acres of 16, 15, 1 east;—\$3500.
H. A. Wood to Orpha Nye, deed to lot 3, block 2, Wood's addition of out lots;—\$475.
H. A. Wood to Frank A. Nye, deed to lot 1, block 2, Wood's addition of out lots;—\$400.
Governor Conover to Malin Covant, deed to lot 12, block 10, R. R. addition to Marion;—\$800.
Herrman Nottelman to village of Nantico, deed to lot 8, Nottelman's subdivision to Nantico;—\$200.
Orlando Powers to Theron A. Powers, deed to one acre in 15, 16, 2 east;—\$1500.
B. F. Price to Enoch Salisbury, the northwest quarter of 8, 14, 1 east, 40 acres in Pie east View township;—\$3200.
Mary P. Greene to Marilla Elliott, lot 10 of J. K. Warren & Co's Seventh addition to Decatur;—\$5,000.
J. K. Warren to Marilla Elliott, lot 11 of J. K. Warren & Co's Seventh addition to Decatur;—\$400.
W. H. Turner to W. B. Hunter, the east half of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of 33, 16, 3 east, 20 acres in Long Creek township;—\$300.
A. T. Risley to G. P. Blume, a one-half interest in the east half of the southeast in 23, 17, 3 east, in Oakley township;—\$950.
George P. Blume to A. T. Risley, lot 4 in block 1 in H. A. Wood's addition to the city of Decatur;—\$600.
Charles M. Barnett to Robt. T. Williams, 22 feet off of the south side of lot 3 and 15 feet off of the north side of lot 6, all in block 1 in Joseph King's addition to Decatur;—\$2,800.
Thomas F. Whitaker, administrator, to Martha E. Michener, the west half of the northwest quarter of 18, 18, 1 east; also the one-quarter interest in the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of 18, 18, 1 east, in An tin township;—\$3704.60.
George Nebinger et al to St. John's Lutheran Church, lots 11 and 12 in block 18, Curran's addition to Decatur;—\$1824.
G. E. Akers to H. F. Starbuck and W. H. Thain, a tract in the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of 3, 10, 2 east, in Decatur township;—\$500.
Sagen B. Shewers to H. F. Starbuck and W. H. Thain, lot 11 of the northwest quarter of 23, 10, 2 east, in Decatur township;—\$2,000.
Frank Bonds to Jay R. Taylor, 30 acres in the northeast quarter of section 1, in Mt. Zion township;—\$425.
J. L. Hight to Amanda H. Hill, the east half of the northeast quarter of 15, 14, 3 east, in Mt. Zion township;—\$5,400.
Clara M. Ritchie to V. L. Foglio, a part of lot 4 in block 5 in Warrensburg;—\$75.
Sarah J. Ferry to H. A. Keller, lot 8 in block 14 in Warrensburg;—\$400.
E. S. McDonald to George P. Blume, deed to lot 7, block 3, Higgins's addition;—\$2,500.
Geo. P. Blume to E. S. McDonald, deed to 74 acres in 23, 17, 3 east;—\$2,005.
Robert Hunter and George Hunter to A. E. Gordon, 3 acres to lot 5, block 1, Hunter Bros. addition;—\$600.
A. G. Webber to Edwin F. Kony, deed to tract of land in 25, 10, 2 east, \$1000.50.
Clara M. Ritchie to V. L. Foglio, deed to 5 feet wide, north east of the northeast corner of lot 4, in block 5, the 50 feet, and south to lot 4, and west 50 feet, in Ritchie's addition to Warrensburg;—\$75.
Margaret E. Corn to Enos E. Senenbaugh, lots 3 and 9, in block 3, in town of Oakley;—\$500.
Maggie M. Robinson to Harvey Stearns, lot 13, in block 2, of Higgins's addition to Decatur;—\$1100.
Ella E. Pitts to Edmond S. Bonnell, a lot 316x50 feet in the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of 10, 16, 2 east, in Decatur township;—\$1000.
Monie B. Anselin to W. A. Bradley, lots 3 and 4 in block 7, in South addition to Decatur;—\$40.
Chas. Gross, Jr., to Josephine D. Cartwright, the north half of lot 6, in block 7, of the village of Blue Mound;—\$500.
John S. Russell to Charles H. Brown, the west half of the southeast quarter of 20, 10, 2 east, in Decatur township;—\$4,000.

Bad Stockings.

Miss Emma Schultz at Champaign is suffering from a severe case of blood poisoning, which physicians say was caused by wearing black hosiery.

Children Cry for
Pitcher's Castoria.

**BARGAINS!
BARGAINS!
BARGAINS!**

COMMENCING MONDAY, FEB. 1st, we will offer some extraordinary inducements in our "ART ROOM." Everything in this department will be reduced to such a price as will tempt you. This includes CUT GLASS, ROYAL WORCESTER, BRASS GOODS, FINE LAMPS, ONYX TABLES and everything in the "ART DEPARTMENT."

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.,

Jewelers and Dealers in China.

**+TO-DAY+
NOVELTY
SPRING
GOODS!**

FANCY WOOL SUITINGS,
In all the New Spring Shades.
Brocaded Cachemieriennes,
A choice Novelty in Wash Goods.
Anderson's Scotch Gingham,
In New Spring Colors.
Perrinott's French Gingham,
In Pretty Woven Silk Effects.

MAGNIFICENT LINE OF
+NEW EMBROIDERIES,+
In Cambric, Nainsook and Swiss,
In all widths, with Insertion to match.
+TORCHON LACES,+
In very Pretty designs.
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR,
Made of Good Muslin and on Lock-Stitch Machines.

Our Great Sale of Domestic and General
House-Furnishing Dry Goods Still
Booming.

Bradley Bros.

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

Published at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

Mr. CLEVELAND declares that he is not thinking about his nomination. One D. B. Hill is also of the opinion that it is not to be thought of.

Iowa Republicans have decided to make their campaign on national issues alone this year. This means an old time Iowa Republican majority.

GROVER CLEVELAND seems to have lost his rabbit's foot, or else events have proven that a pet has no show in the Democratic party. It seems to prefer bachelors.

When the national honor is assailed we should be neither Democrats nor Republicans but Americans and he who falls short of this duty is a dangerous citizen in the Republic.

PENSION COMMISSIONER BAUM stated before the sub-committee of the committee on appropriations yesterday that \$144,000,000 would be needed for pensions next fiscal year.

The British way of dealing with insults to the British flag is to use cannon shot first and diplomacy afterward. It is a method which has its advantages in dealing with semi-barbarous nations like Chili.

The family of Charles W. Ruggin, of Philadelphia, the boatwain's mate of the cruiser Baltimore, who was murdered by the Chileans in the Valparaiso affair, are preparing a demand for damages, which will be filed with the Secretary of State.

It must, however, be understood that this government, while exercising the utmost forbearance toward weaker powers, will extend its strong and adequate protection to its citizens, to its officers and to its humble sailor.—President Harrison's Message.

The transmission of the President's second Chilean message to congress put Congressman Breckenridge, of Kentucky, into a very unenviable position in view of the remarks he made Tuesday impugning the motives of the President.

PRESIDENT HARRISON, by his manly and firm course in behalf of his country in the Chilean contention, has endeared himself to the sensible people of this nation. His name will live and his conduct will be a precedent when his lying traducers have been forgotten.

An American girl having married Rudyard Kipling, the common talk about American girls wanting foreign "noblemen" or nothing for husbands, is proven false. By the way, most foreign noblemen "captured" by silly American women are as near "nothing" as men can be made.

By the way, did not the Democratic leaders make much over Grover Cleveland's courage in expressing views against the free coinage of silver? But it killed him, nevertheless, in his party. The Democratic party has no use for a man who is honest enough to have a patriotic conviction.

The Review does not seem to like Harrison's course in the Chilean trouble. This is not unexpected in consideration of the fact that the Review has been against its own government in the affair and Harrison forced the Chileans into a full acknowledgment of the wrongs and insults it inflicted upon the United States.

A McGOWAN organ groans dolefully that if we should whip the Chileans it would not make them love the United States. Very true; but it would make them respect the United States, and it would show all South America that the United States proposes to protect the weakens of its uniform, even if it has to fight to do it.

The ways and means committee has approved Springer's plan of attacking the McKinley law, by the little bill or mosquito fleet attack. This means that a multitude of little bills will be introduced covering in most cases but a single article now carrying a duty and attempting to repeal the duty on the same, in the interest of England and in prejudice of the rights of American producers. When Springer gets through with this plan he may be no wiser, but he will have his party in a worse condition than it is now on the silver question.

The Springfield Register, like a common culprit who is under arrest, is very sorry that the public has learned, through the suit brought by Ed Wilson that \$5,000 was borrowed from Ed to aid in the election of Palmer. It hoped the public might be kept ignorant of the midnight tricks of the Democratic party. It says:

Had the parties to the suit noted with the judgment that is expected to be exercised by persons in high official stations, they would have avoided this unpleasant incident and be still entitled to the confidence and respect of the Democratic party.

The little part of the Democratic press are now engaged in an attempt to cause a quarrel in the Republican party between the friends of Secretary Blaine and President Harrison by claiming that Blaine solicited Breckenridge to make that contemptible attack on the President in the house. It is also a significant fact that these papers and the English press are held in hand in attacking President Harrison all of which will not hurt the President, while on the other hand it serves to show the anti-Americanism of that part of the Democratic press of this country.

The Curse of a Nation.

The comments of some of the Democratic papers on the Chilean situation, are most contemptible and serve the purpose of showing that there is a class of papers in this country where the freedom of the press is guaranteed that are unfit to have such liberties. They are too narrow and partisan to have a patriotic impulse and always manage to be against the government unless the administration happens to be of their political faith.

The worst examples of this class are the St. Louis Republic and St. Louis Post-Dispatch. In order to criticize the message sent to congress by the president, and misconstrue the president's motive in transmitting it to congress, they assume that this government has been wrong in the Chilean contention and Chili has been right; that the evidence of the Chilean police and other Chileans taken, in the investigation of the butchery of American sailors, by a Chilean police court is true, and the testimony of the American sailors of the Baltimore, the official statements of Commander Schley and of the commander of the Merhamtan, Keewano, relating to the slaughter and stabbing of American sailors, in Valparaiso, is untrue.

It does not seem to occur to these hypocritical journals that other people have watched the course of the contention and that both Democrats and Republicans who place their country's honor above party have credited President Harrison with the purest and most patriotic motives in the affair. But, in spite of these facts, these pitiful exorcismes on our American patriotism, fearful that the country may endorse and applaud President Harrison for his course and thus give him a preference for re-election that he otherwise might not have, they hope by their course to discredit him.

They are the same class of papers that in the rebellion did all in their power to cripple the influence of the government. The result of which course at that time is well known. It amounted almost to the destruction of the party they assumed to represent. The course of these papers in the present instance will tend to bring about the same results. They are not only a disgrace to the liberties accorded them but to the party they claim to represent.

The very fact that they fear President Harrison may make friends by his patriotic and firm course in bringing an insolent nation to time is evidence that they expect the people will endorse it. The people can be depended upon to seek satisfaction for an insult to the Nation, no matter whether a Democrat or a Republican is President, and the question of whether their endorsement of his course will re-elect him or not will not deter them. In such affairs partisanship is sunk in patriotism. If it were not for that irrational prejudice that blinds good sense the class of papers referred to in this article might see that the best way to neutralize the popularity which they fear may come to President Harrison would be to support him in every laudable effort to maintain the dignity of the Nation and insure protection to American sailors and American citizens.

Any American citizen or American newspaper that, for partisan purposes, in a question involving the Nation, will discredit its own soldiers and sailors and the head of the Nation, no matter to what party he may chance to belong, is not only a curse to the Nation but a consuming fire to the party they claim to represent.

Harrison the Hero.

In spite of the facts, as to the time, Chili's reply to the ultimatum reached Washington, given in the President's message and Secretary Blaine's note to Minister Montt, both of which were laid before congress, the partisan asses who preferred to see the government humiliated rather than have a Republican president enforce respect for it, are now claiming that the president knew that Chili was ready to give satisfaction before the message was sent to congress. But the wildest-eyed objector does not claim that Chili's reply had come to the hand of the president, and Chili's temporizing course gave no assurance, even if the president had information to the effect that Chili was about to reply to the ultimatum, that it would be any more satisfactory than former notes. Taking this fact into consideration with the fact that congressmen were at the time, and for a week previous, pressing the president to send a message to congress, which they, as the representatives of the people, had a right to ask for, no matter from what point the view is taken, the president appears as a patriot and a statesman. And that is precisely what worries these partisans, who fear that Harrison may receive the approval of the people.

CHAIRMAN SPRINGER of the ways and means committee has introduced the Free Wool bill in congress about which he has been talking so long. It was said by him when he first made the proposition to attack the protective duty on wool that this step was urged by wool growers and by woolen manufacturers. The organization of wool growers has declared itself opposed to putting wool on the free list. So has the national organization of woolen manufacturers. The masses of the people have become aware that since the McKinley bill schedules went into operation they have been getting woolens at the lowest prices in years. It is apparent from this condition of things that Mr. Springer, in introducing his Free Wool bill, is only a pretended "farmers' friend," and represents nobody except cranky free traders.

No Democrat—No Patriot.

The Decatur Review has chosen to fall into line with those who sympathize with the enemies of the government for no better reason than that the President chances to be a Republican. It objects to the President's course in sending his message to congress so soon after he sent his ultimatum to Chili. The Review seems to be worried because he did not wait until Chili made its reply, and cannot see how serious complications could be avoided by possible action of congress on the message and different action by the President on the same subject. If Mr. Harrison were a Democrat, the Review would have no trouble in compassing the whole subject, but as the President is a Republican it would rather see the country humiliated and discredited than to see its dignity maintained in a way that might be creditable to Mr. Harrison. It will be remembered that a week before the President sent the Chilean message to congress there was much dissatisfaction displayed by some Democrats of the Springer type, and it was with difficulty that such Democrats as Blount prevented them from firing in resolutions demanding the correspondence between the two governments.

The President and Mr. Blount, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, understood each other and the message was transmitted after Chili had ample time to respond to the ultimatum. The fact that Chili has shown commendable activity since the message went in, is evidence that its transmission was proper and timely.

Chili's failure to respond to the ultimatum before the message went in, is Chili's own concern and not ours. If congress should declare war and after such declaration Chili should fully meet the demands of the ultimatum, the President would lay its answer before congress and probably accompany it with a message, and congress might do as it pleased as to accepting the answer as satisfactory. The President, in other words, has practically referred the whole matter to congress and will lay before it everything that can aid it in coming to a decision on the matter. These very facts show the animus and deplorable partisanship of those Democrats who introduce resolutions calling upon the President for the official correspondence in the affair. The transmission of the message to congress carries with it the transmission of all correspondence on the subject, which no doubt was placed in the hands of the committee on foreign affairs. There is not now and cannot be any conflict between the President and congress, no matter whether the Chilean government meets the demands of the ultimatum or not. If congress wants to declare war it can do it, in spite of either Chili or the President; and that fact being well-known to Chili will cause it to make quick and adequate response, unless the Democrats in congress should, on the advice of the Review, turn partisan, instead of patriot, and take the side of Chili as against the government they ought to represent and defend.

Those Ollaquers.

The offensive political scum of this country, no matter to what party they belong, that have conspired to belittle President Harrison in his firm and patriotic efforts to bring a bullying little nation, whose subjects stabbed or shot down American sailors for no other reason than that they were American sailors, to an accounting, have not commended themselves to the favor of the patriotic people of this country who are manly and independent enough to bury partisanship when the honor of the nation is at stake. This despicable lot of political hoodlums who can see no cause, in the assassination of a few obscure American seamen, for the demands the President has made upon Chili, and who essay to believe that the Valparaiso affair was a drunken sailors' brawl, have at last reached the end of the rope.

By Chili's own admission, in meeting the demands of the President's ultimatum, the assumption that it was a drunken row falls to the ground and leaves the blunderbuss partisan stand bare before a disgusted American people. Chili says she is willing to submit the whole question of reparation for the assault on the sailors of the Baltimore to the United States supreme court or some neutral power. She does not propose to submit the question as to who was responsible for the Valparaiso riot which resulted so badly to American sailors. Chili admits that her people were the aggressors, and because they were the President has just ground for his demands upon that nation and asks that some one be named to assess the damages.

This should be a useful lesson for these blustering partisans, but the chances are that it will in these cases serve no good purpose. They are not endowed with patriotism enough ever to rise above a desire for partisan triumph and official plunder. As American citizens they are failures, and should be treated as enemies of the government under whose protection they expect to enjoy "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

The hob-goblin patriots who run the Democratic papers that opposed the president in his efforts to preserve the honor of the government, say that Blaine wanted to arbitrate the matter and Harrison wanted to fight. In answering Minister Montt, Secretary Blaine says, diplomatically, that Montt lies when he says that he, Blaine, tried to commit the government to arbitration.



A MAD POET

rushed into a newspaper office recently, and threatened to "clean out" the establishment, because they printed his verses wrong. Said he: "I wrote, 'To dwell forever in a grove of peace,' and you idiots put it 'a pot of grease.'" The mortified editor presented him with a vial of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, a year's subscription and an apology.

The little "Pellets" positively cure sick and nervous headaches, biliousness, constiveness, and all derangements of the stomach, bowels and liver. It's a large contract, but the smallest things in the world do the business—Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They're the smallest, but the most effective. They go to work in the right way. They cleanse and renovate the liver, stomach and bowels thoroughly—but they do it mildly and gently. You feel the good they do—but you don't feel them doing it.

They're the cheapest pill you can buy, because they're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money is returned. You only pay for the good you get. That's the peculiar plan all Dr. Pierce's medicines are sold on, through druggists.

HORSE SALE!

At the Decatur Driving Park
WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24.

This sale will comprise the best bred lot of stock ever offered at public sale in this part of the state.

It will include

MARES

By Stoner Bay 2300,
George Gould 10740,
Cornelian 1085,
Field Wilkes 3429,
Mammoth 2152,
Caliban 394,
Major K. Lacey 1318,
Regalia 1486,
Combat 1088,
And other Standard Trotting Sires.

Most of these mares are

WITH FOAL

by such horses as the above named, also by ANDERSON WILKES, 221,
(late of Jack Sheppard), 2214, and

GENERAL JACKSON.

There will be also several well-bred

TROTTING STALLIONS

and a number of fine

DRAFT MARES

offered. These mares are in good condition and ready for work.

TERMS—12 months time, without interest, 6 percent discount for cash.

Send for Catalogue.

D. W. BRENNEMAN & BRO.

Dr. A. S. WALTZ.

229 Old No. 3

DECATUR, ILL.

Dr. A. S. WALTZ.

—DENTIST—

OF FICE—Over "The Star" millinery store—

East Main Street, Decatur, Ill.

S. C. STEPHENSON.

ATTORNEY AT LAW

OF FICE—Over the Postoffice, Decatur, Ill.

BARGAIN DAY!

==YES,==

Every Day is Bargain Day

—AT THE GREAT—

FERRISS & LAPHAM Shoe Store.

THERE are values in shoes there which cannot be matched at any retail shoe house in the city. We doubt very much if shoes are purchased at retail anywhere in the country at such low prices. Why? Simply because no retail house which is not associated with a wholesale house can possibly have the nerve to put their

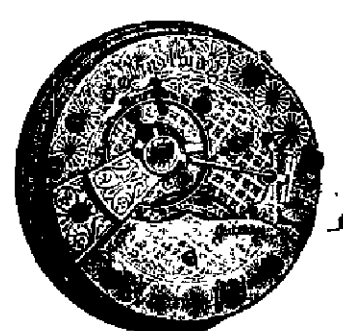
Entire Stock on Sale at Less than Wholesale Cost Price.

We want you to look into our window as you pass by and see the values we are offering. We know that other shoe dealers will try to represent to you that our professions are insincere. How could we expect anything else? They know very well that the prices they have had to see offered by us are such as to knock the life out of their January trade. They hate this house as they hate poison. Why? Learn the prices which we make for first-class shoes and you will understand the reason.

FERRISS & LAPHAM

148 EAST MAIN ST.

MODEL WATCHES.



THE BEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY.

Recent Reduction in Prices.

I carry the finest line of standard Watches to be found in any first-class jewelry store in the west, and those who have seen my stock admit that I am the leader in Decatur on Watches, the quality and low prices being far ahead of successful competition.

All I want is an inspection of the fine display of watches at my store.

E. J. HARPSTRITE, THE JEWELER.

146 East Prairie Street, East of Post Office.

RACE CLOTHING MANUF'G CO.

Manufacturers of All Kinds of WORKING * GOODS.



All Wool Custom Made Pants for \$3.00.
Our Boys' Suit for \$1.50 has never been Equaled. Over 500 have been sold this season.

All Wool Pants Made to Order for \$4 and \$5

We have the Best Selected line of OVERCOATS in the city. PRICES THE LOWEST.

WE ARE LEADERS IN

Fine Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, MERCHANT TAILORING, At Prices that cannot be duplicated, as we are manufacturers. We can Save You Money.

RACE CLOTHING M'F'G CO., 129--135 North Water Street.



A Confidential Whisper,
Cannot very well be conveyed through the columns of a newspaper, but fortunately there's no mystery about us. There is no necessity for whispering—a speaking trumpet would be more appropriate. If you are so constituted that it is difficult to persuade you, come and look at them for yourself. Whatever else may fail to convince you, the evidence of your own eyes can't be resisted. It will take you less than a minute to see that they are all that we say about them and that even a speaking trumpet couldn't do them justice. Here's an offer that we cannot guarantee to keep open very long: Besides giving extra bargains we will in addition give each purchaser of \$3 worth of new goods a nice banjo—just the thing for the boys and girls.

BACHMAN BROS.,
East Main Street, Sign of the Big Elephant.
Easy Payment is the Thing.

WABASH EXCURSIONS.

TRIP WABASH will sell round-trip tickets at one fare to St. Louis, on account of National Convention of Labor organization, Feb. 20 to 25. Tickets good to return till March 15. To Omaha, Neb., on account of National Convention of Labor organization, Feb. 20 to 25. Tickets good to return till March 15. To Chicago, Ill., on account of National Convention of Labor organization, Feb. 20 to 25. Tickets good to return till March 15. For further information write or apply to C. A. Pollock, U. and I. A., Decatur, Ill.

ACCOUNT OF THE MARDI GRAS FESTIVAL at New Orleans, La., will sell excursion tickets to New Orleans and return at \$20.75. Tickets will be sold February 22-25, inclusive. Good returning up to and including March 22, 1892. For further information write or apply to C. A. Pollock, U. and I. A., Decatur, Ill.

MARDI GRAS EXCURSION. For the Mardi Gras festival to be held at New Orleans on March 1st, the U. and I. A. will sell excursion tickets to New Orleans and return at \$20.75. Tickets will be sold February 22-25, inclusive. Good returning up to and including March 22, 1892. For further information write or apply to C. A. Pollock, U. and I. A., Decatur, Ill.

W. M. T. COBBINS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC
Will draw deeds, mortgages and do all kinds of conveyancing; will also examine abstracts of title and promptly attend to any and all legal business entrusted to him.
Office: 135 North Water Street, over Smith & King's drug store, No. 137 N. Water Street.
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Edwin Park. D. L. Bunt.
EDWIN & PARK,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
OFFICE: Front rooms over Decatur National Bank, Decatur, Ill.
Will draw deeds and mortgages and will also examine abstracts of title and promptly attend to any and all legal business entrusted to him.

ST. Nicholas Hotel
CHAS. LAUX, Proprietor
South Side of Old Square, Decatur.

ST. Nicholas Hotel
CHAS. LAUX, Proprietor
South Side of Old Square, Decatur.

A Kernel of Corn

A kernel of corn laid up on a beam in the barn will not grow. It will become covered with dirt, will wither away and the germ will die. A kernel of corn planted will grow and produce an ear. The kernels on the ear, if they in turn are planted, will produce a pile of ears. The pile of ears will contain thousands of kernels. This will be the result of the forethought in planting the first kernel. It is just so with accumulating money. Thirteen cents a day invested in the **EQUITABLE BUILDING AND LOAN SOCIETY OF PEORIA** will grow in ten years to One Thousand Dollars. This re-invested in prepaid stock will grow in 5 years and 4 months to \$1900. This again re-invested will grow in 5 years and 4 months longer to \$9,300. Total original investment, \$400.
Investigation and Correspondence Solicited.

A. DERWOOD SMITH, Gen'l Agent,
DECATUR, ILL.
137 Attractive Terms to Good Agents
Sept-18-91

ALWAYS KILL THE DOG.

Think that the Death of the Canine Tends to Drive Away Hydrophobia.

It is surprising how many intelligent people still insist on the prompt killing of a dog which has bitten any one, on the supposition that the death of the dog will prevent hydrophobia attacking his human victim, said a physician to-day. It would be a waste of time to point out the fallacy of any such idea, because if the dog was mad at the time of biting, the injury would be done long before he could be killed. On the other hand, the killing of the dog adds greatly to the danger of hydrophobia following the attack because, terrible as are the symptoms of the disease, hydrophobia in its initial stages is largely imaginary, and that is the reason of the great success of Pasteur's remedy, or rather the confidence it creates in the unfortunate victim. On exactly the same theory, if the canine is not killed, and after a few days proves conclusively that it was not mad, the sufferer's mind is eased and he ceases to worry himself into sickness by thinking about the horrible doom his Job's comforters never tire of describing. If the dog is killed at once he is sure to bear of symptoms of madness in the animal just before the attack, and if of a nervous temperament will soon worry himself into his grave. When any one is at all nervous after being bitten it is much better to have the dog tied up and carefully watched, and in nine cases out of ten all danger from hydrophobia will soon be proved to be impossible. Madness is generally supposed to be confined to what are known as the "dog days," but only last week a patient of mine, who was bitten by a spiteful little terrier, insisted on the animal being killed, in spite of the earnest protest of its owner.

Expenses of Law.

The general public has but little idea of the cost the people are often put to in the prosecution of offenders against the law. In the Wabash case, which was again postponed this week, Montrose county has been compelled to foot bills aggregating over \$10,000 for court costs. The postponement this week was at the expense of the defendant, as every witness for the state answered to his name when the roll of witnesses was called.

Below is given the expense the defendant will have to pay for the privilege of three more months of liberty: Fees as claimed by witnesses \$67.30 Sheriff's costs for serving venire of petit jury \$125.00 Cost of said venire of petit jury \$125.00 Court reporter \$10.00 State's attorney, Montrose county, 7 days \$20.00 Circuit clerk's cost \$50.00

Total \$417.30
The father of Wabash was a rich man when the trial began, but he is liable to become a bankrupt in his attempt to save his son from the penitentiary.—*Champaign Times.*

LADIES all wool medicated underwear reduced to 60c former price \$1.00. Linn & Scroggs D. G. & C. Co. d&w-11.

DR. FRUTH,

OF New York, the well-known specialist in chronic diseases and diseases of the eye and ear, by request of many friends and patients, has decided to visit

DECATUR

Thursday, February 11, 1892.

Consultation and examination free and confidential in office, from 3 a. m. to 5 p. m. One day only.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.



DR. A. O. FRUTH,

of the Chicago Medical and Surgical Institute, Corner Wabash and Van Buren Sts., ably assisted by a faculty of eight, comprising physicians, surgeons and gynecologists and trained nurses for the scientific and successful treatment of all forms of Chronic and Acute Diseases, Catarrh, Asthma, Stomach, Kidney, Bladder, Nervous and Special Diseases of Men and Women.
Diseases of Women. Dr. Fruth by analyzing diseases has perfected a never failing cure for Female Weakness and all diseases of women without local applications. Cures guaranteed.
Dr. FRUTH, after years of experience, has perfected the most infallible method of curing Vitia Drain in Urine, Impaired Memory, Weak Back, Melancholy, Weak Eyes, those terrible disorders arising from various practices of youth, blighting the most radiant hopes, uniting patient for business, study, sport or marriage, usually sweeping to an untimely grave thousands of exalted talent and brilliant intellect.
Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Bright's Disease, Diabetes and kindred maladies treated and cured effected in thousands of cases that had been pronounced beyond hope and an examination of urine required in each case, bring an ounce for chemical and microscopical examination.
Many die every year who might have been permanently cured had they placed their case in the hands of experts.
Epilepsy or Fits positively cured by a new and never failing hospital treatment.
Curing of Piles guaranteed. Will give \$1,000 for any case of failure.
Remarkable Cures perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unsatisfactorily treated by experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but where possible personal consultation preferred.
Cures and correspondence strictly confidential and medicine sent to any part of the United States. List of questions free. Address, with postage, Dr. A. O. Fruth, 30 Van Buren St., Chicago.

THE SECRET OUT.

H. A. Monroe and the Dr. Keeley Institute—A Revelation.

Henry A. Monroe, the man who attained considerable notoriety in November by bringing suit against Dr. Leslie E. Keeley and his gold-cure institute in Dwight for \$12,000 damages to health and character, sustained while taking treatment there, is now languishing in the Livingston county jail at Pontiac, because of inability to pay a fine of \$200 and costs assessed against him by the sitting judge in Dwight for having bootlegged whisky to patients of the institute. Dwight is a strictly temperance city, and the discovery that liquor was so easily obtained by the patients caused quite a sensation. Monroe, when he left the institute, claimed that he was graduated, having no appetite for the stuff whatever, but this did not last long, as he soon followed in the same old ways. In Monroe's testimony it came out that he had purchased the whisky—two bottles of which were produced in testimony—from Dr. Robe, one of Dwight's prominent physicians, and undoubtedly the prosecution will not stop with Monroe, but will probe the case further, as the citizens are on the warpath against whisky-wellng. This late discovery of Monroe's character will go against him when the damage suits against Keeley come up for trial, and it is doubtful now whether he will ever appear against Keeley. As the feeling against Monroe is intense in Dwight it will not be pleasant for him to stay in that city.

Real Estate Sales.

William Montgomery to James L. Montgomery, deed to all of block 2 in Mound—\$350.
Andrew J. Gasaway to Joseph Faith, deed to lot 6 and north half of lot 8, block 2, in Wabashburg—\$250.
George Ja. Olsen to Noah A. Boone, lots 1, 2 and 3 in block 6 in Delia Abbott's addition to Mound—\$1,500.
George P. Blume to Nora Kincaid, deed to lot 2, block 1, B. H. Cassell's 1st addition—\$1,000.
A. T. Hsley to Nora Kincaid, deed to lot 1, block 1, B. H. Cassell's 1st addition—\$1,300.
Sarah J. Jones to Shettle R. May, the east half of the east half of lot 2, in the northeast quarter of 3, 15, 8 east, in Mt. Zion township—\$500.
F. M. Ralston to John M. Bishop, part of the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of 18, 16, 2 east, in Decatur township—\$1,100.
Louise Kraft to August Erick, deed to lots 13, 14, 15 and 16, block 39, in Mound—\$125.
R. S. Bullard to Jacob B. Bullard, deed to 43 feet off the east end of lots 13, 14, 15 and 16, block 7, Bandy's addition—\$450.
H. C. Suttle to H. O. Rybolt, quit claim to tract of land in 3, 15, 1 east—\$1,300.
James J. Finn to H. C. Suttle, master's deed to tract of land in 3, 15, 1 east—\$1,250.00.
James Milikin to I. R. Mills, quit claim to lot 4 and 18 1/2 feet off the west side of lot 3, block 5, Bandy's addition—\$250.
William Montgomery to Ira A. Montgomery, deed to lots 11 and 12, block 4, Goltra's addition to Blue Mound—\$600.
W. T. Cooper et al to Brazil Cooper, deed to 80 acres in 3, 15, 2 east. No consideration stated.

Overstocked Horse Market.

The Chicago horse market still remains dull, with heavy receipts of animals of a rather low grade. Good heavy drafters, chunks and express horses are meeting with good demand both on local and shipping account and prices for such have been held firm. A few extra drivers and an occasional coach team find sale at the top quotations, but the season for active trading in such classes is yet several weeks distant. The market is overstocked with common and medium classes and this trade drags weakly at the late quotations. Horses lacking weight are almost unsalable, as the demand for the southern trade, which is the principal outlet, is entirely out off. Shippers to the east are fairly liberal, but the stables have not been well cleared at any time during the last week.

A Double Deal.

It is asserted at St. Louis that the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton is about to absorb the Indianapolis, Decatur & Western and Terre Haute & Peoria roads, and perhaps the Iowa Central. This would create a new line from Cincinnati to St. Louis and the Northwest, via Metcalf, on the Cloverleaf Line, and also affect the Vandalia and the Peoria, Decatur & Evansville.

Belleville's "Jack the Kisser" Dead.

Walter Deleahanty, Belleville's "Jack the Kisser," died at the insane asylum at Anna last week. Three years ago he began a sea of attempts to kiss young women on the streets and kept it up for over a month before he was arrested. Then it was discovered that he was insane. He had a wife, who is supposed to be in Chicago now.

The Coal Industry.

Fifty-seven counties in Illinois have 918 coal mines, the output of last year being 15,660,698 tons, employing 32,951 persons, which embraces 26,059 actual miners. The value of the product was \$14,257,064. The number of persons killed in the mines last year was 60, leaving 37 widows and 112 orphans; number of injured, 367.

Safe and Reliable.

"In buying a cough medicine for children," says H. A. Walker, a prominent druggist of Ogden, Utah, "never be afraid to buy Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. There is no danger from it and relief is always sure to follow. I particularly recommend Chamberlain's, because I have found it to be safe and reliable." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Neilsen, pharmacist. d&w.
"Oil on the hair is only a dust-trap," says a candid up-town barber.

DUTIES OF TOWN CLERKS.

Points of Value in Connection with the New Election Law.

The new Australian election law is attracting a good deal of attention throughout Illinois. Chicago and Cook county tried it last fall, but it is practically untried in the country districts. The interest felt in it is, therefore, quite general.
Secretary Partridge of the Republican state central committee has prepared the following, which he is sending out for the information of voters generally throughout the state, with particular reference to the new law's operation. It should be carefully read by every voter and every town and county official:
Under the new election law the town clerk becomes a very important personage.
He is custodian of the ballot box and must see that a new one is got if the old one is not pretty large, for the tickets will be much larger than in former years.
He must be in his office on Monday, March 21, to receive the certificates of nomination, and the petitions of voters if nominations are made by petition.
He must examine and pass upon the legality of certificates, count the names on petitions and see that they are in proper form.
He must see to the posting of notices of elections and cards of instructions before certain specified dates.
He must attend to the preparing of copy for the tickets, have them printed on front and back, counted, and sealed; know just how many are wanted in each election district; and how many he must keep in reserve; see that the judges of election in each district are supplied with tickets not later than 5 p. m. the day before the election, and with cards and colored tickets to post in and about the election rooms and in the booths on the morning of the election.
He must provide pens, ink, pencils, blotters, etc., for the several booths and for the clerks and judges.
He must receive, count, and receipt for the ballots not used during the day.
He must read the reports of officers at the formal meeting at 2 o'clock, and keep a record of the proceedings held.
To do all this, and to do it correctly, will require considerable study of the new law, not forgetting that the general law still defines many of its duties. On his care and attention will largely depend the correctness and legality of the vote to be cast on Tuesday, April 5, 1892, when in most townships in the state the new election law will have its first fair trial.

WILL BE A PREACHER.

Hanlon, One of the Proprietors of "Fantasma" to Leave the Stage for the Pulpit.

A telegram from St. Louis says: A decided sensation has been created in theatrical circles here by the announcement that Mr. George Hanlon of the Hanlon Bros., who have been prominent for years on both sides of the ocean as producers of spectacular pantomimes, has deserted the theatrical profession for the pulpit. Mr. William Hanlon, now here in charge of "Saperba," has just received a letter from his brother George saying that he has resolved to devote the remaining years of his life and his means to religious work. The retirement will not affect the Hanlons' business. George Hanlon is now in Philadelphia.

Some Horse Notes.

The stallion Delmar, that made a race record of 2:12, and that has the best three consecutive heats in a race by a stallion—2:13 1/4, 5:14 1/4, 2:19—is to be handled next season by M. E. McHenry. Debie had Delmar last year and gave him his present record of 2:12, but inasmuch as he is to campaign April this year he does not particularly care about having other stallions with fast records in his stable, and it was much on this account as any other that McHenry's services for training and driving the horse in 1892 was secured. McHenry will have a great string of trotters out next summer, and in the pacing department will not be without a few irons in the fire, one of his standbys in that direction being the chestnut gelding Play Boy, a son of McCurdy's Hambletonian, 2:29 1/4, that has a trotting record of 2:13 1/4. Play Boy was made to trot by the use of toe-weights, and as he was double gaited and inclined to pace it was decided last fall to let him go that way, and with very little practice he stepped a mile at the pace of 2:16 and is considered by those who have seen him work to have about as good a chance in the great pacing races as any horse in the country.

Suspended.

Rev. H. W. Davis, pastor of the M. E. church at Charleston, Ill., whose conduct was investigated by a committee of seven ministers last Thursday, was found guilty of the charge of drunkenness and officially deposed from the ministry by the presiding elder until the annual conference, in September, in Shelbyville. The trial will then be held before a select committee appointed by the presiding bishop. Mr. Davis has just returned from a three weeks trial of the Keeley cure, at Dwight, and professes himself cured. It is a sad fall, especially as the gentleman made considerable reputation as a third party orator in political campaigns, and was noted for his advocacy of temperance principles, while all the time he was indulging in the use of intoxicants.—*Shelbyville Union.*

La Grippe.

No healthy person need fear any dangerous consequences from an attack of la grippe if properly treated. It is much the same as a severe cold and requires precisely the same treatment. Remain quietly at home and take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as directed for a severe cold and a prompt and complete recovery is sure to follow. This remedy also counteracts any tendency of la grippe to result in pneumonia. Among the thousands who have used it during this epidemic of the past two years we have yet to learn of a single case that has not recovered or that has resulted in pneumonia. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Neilsen, Pharmacist. d&w.

A PROPER DECISION.

Victory for Modern Woodmen in a Celebrated Case.

From Thursday's Daily.
The Board of Directors of the Modern Woodmen of America are in session at Bloomington this week. It is learned that the motion for a new trial in the celebrated case of Maltby vs the Modern Woodmen was sustained at Lincoln, Neb., wherein the Court vacated and set aside the verdict of the jury in the case, and set the case down for a new trial. In sustaining the motion the court stated that Maltby had received all he can recover under his contract, and that the contract was void. In view of the general publicity given this case at the time of the trial at Omaha, Neb., it is of special satisfaction to all Modern Woodmen to know of the victory they achieved.

An outline of the case is as follows: In February, 1891, Daniel B. Maltby brought suit in the Omaha court against the Modern Woodmen for \$7,000, claiming that under a contract made with J. C. Root in 1884 he was entitled for the first five years of the contract to 10 per cent of the general fund, besides other privileges not given to other deputies. Under this alleged contract Maltby admitted that he had drawn \$6,000 from the general fund and claimed \$7,000 more. The trial at Omaha ended in awarding Maltby a verdict for \$6,975. The visiting Woodmen were entertained at a union meeting of the Bloomington camp Tuesday night.

IT WAS A SUCCESS.

The State Meeting of Veterinarians—A Banquet.

From Thursday's Daily.
The business of the state meeting of the Illinois Veterinary Medical and Surgical association closed last evening at the office of Dr. Swain, the president, and immediately thereafter the banquet was served at the Hotel Brunswick, the press of the city having been invited to partake of the feast. The following officers were elected:
President—Dr. H. H. Swain. This election was unanimous.
Vice President—L. C. Pray, Mazoni.
Secretary—G. G. Baumgardner, Champaign.
Vice Secretary—V. G. Hunt, Arcola.
Treasurer—John Osborne, Nokomis.
Standing Committee—J. M. Read, P. M. Holbrook, C. A. Hulbert, James Coover.
Program Committee—G. G. Baumgardner, V. G. Hunt, S. H. Swain.
Arrangements—Swain and Pray.

Complimentary.

Rev. N. S. Haynes, formerly pastor of the Decatur Christian church, has resigned the pastorate of the church at Peoria and will locate at Englewood, near Chicago, to which city he has received a flattering call. He has been at Peoria six years. The Peoria Journal says: "When he came to Peoria the flock numbered about 100 members. There are now 213 in the church. Then there was a heavy debt. No longer than two years ago the indebtedness footed up \$1,800. This was reduced to \$1,300 last year and it is now down to \$123 with personal pledges amounting to \$200 to offset it. Personally Pastor Haynes is a frank, open man and his religious opinions are strong and clear cut. Though not always in rapport with those of his evangelical neighbors, his views are invariably outspoken and sincere. The Peoria people will part with Brother Haynes with regret. It will be no easy matter to fill his place."

A Democrat in Trouble.

John Cockrell of Salem, was arrested and brought to Springfield yesterday by Deputy United States Marshal Howard, and was placed in jail to answer a charge of selling liquor without paying the government license. Cockrell was made assistant doorman of the house of representatives by the Democrats last winter because he was a brother of the James Cockrell, the F. M. B. A. member, in the hope that his appointment would help persuade the farmers' representative to vote for Palmer for governor. John Cockrell is said by officials to be what is known in Southern Illinois, as a "boot-legger."

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from first taking. She continued its use and after taking ten bottles, found herself sound and well, now she does her own housework and is as well as she ever was.—Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at King & Wood's Drug Store, large bottles 50c. and \$1.00.

Tax poke shape prevails in female headgear.

Will Be Given Away.

Our enterprising druggist, W. C. Armstrong, who carries the finest stock of drugs, perfumery, toilet articles, brushes, sponges, etc., is giving away a large number of trial bottles of Dr. Miles' celebrated Restorative Nervine. He guarantees it to cure headache, dizziness, nervous prostration, sleeplessness, the ill effects of spirits, tobacco, coffee, etc. Druggists say it is the greatest seller they ever knew, and is universally satisfactory. They also guarantee Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure in all cases of nervous or organic heart disease, palpitation, pain in side, smothering, etc. Fine book on "Nervous and Heart Disease" free.
Our all-wool, fast-black hosiery at reduced prices to clear out stock. Linn & Scroggs D. G. & C. Co. d&w-12

THE DOOMED EIDER.

The Noble Steamship Preparing to Leave Her Frame

ON THE ROCKS AFT THE ISLE OF WIGHT

In the Presence of Throngs of Spectators But Little of the Mail Matter Secured—Strange and Culpable Action of Capt. Heinicke.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Atherfield and its neighborhood was crowded with people yesterday, who came from all parts of the Isle of Wight and even from Portsmouth and Southampton in order to see the final abandonment of the steamship Eider. Scores upon scores of carriages full of curious people lined the shore from early morning. In nearly all cases, the horses were un hitched, and the drivers and passengers made temporary homes of the vehicles, the passengers camping inside of them, and in some cases, the drivers camping beneath them. Fires were lighted here and there and meals were cooked, luncheon baskets were emptied, and in a word, a jolly picnic by the sea was indulged in.

The kodak fiend made the wreck of the Eider the occasion for a grand holiday and campaign of investigation and experiment. These amateur photographers were to be seen like crows, perched here and there at every spot on every rock, available for their ghoulish work, and from these points of vantage peering the Eider incident to their intense delight; but to the extreme disgust of the fishermen, constabulary and life-boat men, who seem to look upon the kodakers as nothing more or less than carrier crows in disguise.

To such an extent was this mania for photographing carried, that an installment of fifteen members from one amateur photographers' club alone came down yesterday, expressly from London, in order to feast upon the novel scenery and effects presented by the gallant steamship preparing to leave her frame upon the rocks off the Isle of Wight.

In addition to the kodak fiends, there were scores of reporters, correspondents and newspaper artists assembled about the shore. The majority of these professional gentlemen established their headquarters in the most comfortable houses in the vicinity, from which place they posted sentries and volantes, who did duty for two hours, came back and reported the result of their turn of duty, and who were then relieved by other journalists whose innards had been refreshed by the best the headquarters "public" afforded.

The British post-office officials are still deeply concerned about the mails, for contrary to previous reports, all the Eider's mail bags have not yet reached the shore. In fact, it seems that only seventy-six bags of mail had been landed up to the time this message is sent. Such being the case, there must still be hundreds of bags on board the Eider, for she is said to have been carrying several hundreds of bags of mail matter for England and for the continent.

It was evident to all concerned in trying to obtain information as to the wreck of the Eider, that both the officers, seamen and engineers, to say nothing of the remainder of the crew of that steamer, had been carefully drilled to tell the same story of the disaster. The invariable formula was that the Eider had a beautiful voyage, that her officers did not see the lights or make land until the steamship struck on the rocks off Atherfield.

The Eider, it appears, went ashore during the watch of Second Officer H. Krouse, and that is about all that you can gather from the steamer's crew.

The local coast guardmen, life-boat men, fishermen and other such nautical experts say that they are amazed at the lack of decision and want of seamanship displayed by the Eider's officers who they also say, refused the services of the first life-boat which reached the stranded steamer's side at daylight on Monday morning, and only allowed a few women to enter the second boat.

Capt. Heinicke, the experts add, sent a message ashore by the first life-boat, telegraphing to the North German Lloyd Co. agents at Southampton to send tug to his assistance, but they continue, the Eider's commander did not try to get his anchors out in order to steady her and prevent her tearing open under the rents which might naturally be expected to exist in her shell at the spots where she touched the rocks. Consequently, the maritime critics also say, Capt. Heinicke thus allowed the Eider to be beaten further ashore until, after midday, it was impossible for her to anchor with a chance of beaching herself.

Capt. Heinicke still, according to the experts referred to, at 11 o'clock Monday night, began firing rockets and signalling that the water was rising in the Eider's hold. But the life-boat men at that hour had been at work almost continually for twenty-four hours, and they were too exhausted to respond to the Eider's summons before daylight.

During the last trip made by a local life-boat between the Eider and the shore, Monday, she had twenty-three persons on board and was so injured amidships by being crushed against the Eider's sides that she barely reached land in safety. As it was, the life-boat was half full of water and weighted down to her gunwales by the people inside of her.

For the restoration of faded and gray hair to its original color and freshness, Ayer's Hair Vigor remains unrivaled. This is the most popular and valuable toilet preparation in the world; all who use it are perfectly satisfied that it is the best.

Hot-house mushrooms come high.

Dr. Fruth's Mode of Practice.

Dr. Fruth believes that a practice such as his should be conducted on business principles, and that when a patient pays his money he should get his money's worth. Too many ignorant quacks have attempted to wheedle money out of the sick and helpless, and have stated that by writing a letter to them describing the symptoms they could be cured as well at home as at the physician's office. This is nonsense. Dr. Fruth does not mean to say that in no case can a patient describe his symptoms intelligently by letter, but what he does mean is that a personal examination by a skilled physician is much better than any description of a disease by a letter that was ever written. What doctor can tell from a written description of a skin disease what the disease is? Not one, and although he might guess correctly in one case, in the next ninety-nine he would fail. The same with nervous diseases, and with bladder, kidney, uterine and stomach troubles.

He therefore makes visits to Decatur so his many patients can see him once a month, and in that way not only learns their true condition, but notes the progress in every case he places under treatment.

You who have never tried the skill of a Specialist in your disease, will be surprised by the difference between a man who makes Chronic and Nervous diseases a special study, over the home doctor, be he ever so good in the general practice of medicine and surgery.

You will always find the willing to consult with you, if you want treatment or not. He is candid in his opinion, moderate in his charges, and enthusiastic for the relief of suffering humanity.

Dr. Fruth has been coming to Decatur long enough that no one need doubt his intentions or skill, and while every one who presents their cases to him can not be cured, hundreds given up by others in this community, have been permanently restored to health and happiness.

Burnt the Mortgage.

Rev. Horace Reed has lifted the debt of Kimber Methodist church at Decatur. It was in the shape of a mortgage for \$4916, which had been running for several years. Dr. Reed got the money by personal effort, and last Sunday the mortgage was burnt in the presence of the congregation, and there was a great jubilee service.

Public Sale.

F. M. Gian will sell on his farm one mile west of Dalton City, Wednesday Feb. 17, 1892 a lot of horses, cattle, hogs and farm machinery. Credit of 12 months on sums over \$5.

MARKET REPORT.

Grain and Provisions.

By Louisville Flour—Fancy \$3.75; extra, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.45; No. 3, \$3.30; No. 4, \$3.15; No. 5, \$3.00; No. 6, \$2.85; No. 7, \$2.70; No. 8, \$2.55; No. 9, \$2.40; No. 10, \$2.25; No. 11, \$2.10; No. 12, \$2.00; No. 13, \$1.90; No. 14, \$1.80; No. 15, \$1.70; No. 16, \$1.60; No. 17, \$1.50; No. 18, \$1.40; No. 19, \$1.30; No. 20, \$1.20; No. 21, \$1.10; No. 22, \$1.00; No. 23, \$0.90; No. 24, \$0.80; No. 25, \$0.70; No. 26, \$0.60; No. 27, \$0.50; No. 28, \$0.40; No. 29, \$0.30; No. 30, \$0.20; No. 31, \$0.10; No. 32, \$0.00.

New York—Flour—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

Chicago—Flour—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Louis—Flour—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Paul—Flour—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Louis—Wheat—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Paul—Wheat—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Louis—Corn—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Paul—Corn—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Louis—Oats—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Paul—Oats—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Louis—Barley—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Paul—Barley—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Louis—Rye—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Paul—Rye—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Louis—Clover—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Paul—Clover—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Louis—Hay—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Paul—Hay—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No. 28, \$0.90; No. 29, \$0.80; No. 30, \$0.70; No. 31, \$0.60; No. 32, \$0.50; No. 33, \$0.40; No. 34, \$0.30; No. 35, \$0.20; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.00.

St. Louis—Wool—All sorts extra, \$3.70; No. 1, \$3.60; No. 2, \$3.50; No. 3, \$3.40; No. 4, \$3.30; No. 5, \$3.20; No. 6, \$3.10; No. 7, \$3.00; No. 8, \$2.90; No. 9, \$2.80; No. 10, \$2.70; No. 11, \$2.60; No. 12, \$2.50; No. 13, \$2.40; No. 14, \$2.30; No. 15, \$2.20; No. 16, \$2.10; No. 17, \$2.00; No. 18, \$1.90; No. 19, \$1.80; No. 20, \$1.70; No. 21, \$1.60; No. 22, \$1.50; No. 23, \$1.40; No. 24, \$1.30; No. 25, \$1.20; No. 26, \$1.10; No. 27, \$1.00; No